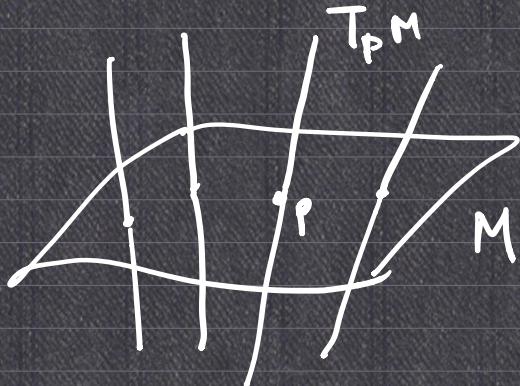


$M^n$  smooth manifold

$TM = \{(p, v_p) : p \in M, v_p \in T_p M\}$ . tangent bundle

$T^*M = \{(p, \alpha_p) : p \in M, \alpha_p \in T_p^* M\}$ . cotangent bundle.



tangent bundle is  
a  $2n$ -dim  $C^\infty$   
manifold.

$$F(u_1, \dots, u_n) : U \rightarrow \bigcup M$$

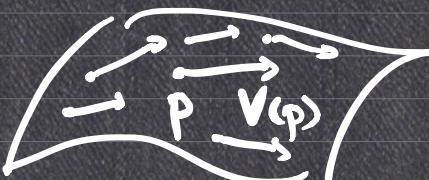
$\downarrow$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{F}(u_1, \dots, u_n, v^1, \dots, v^n) : U \times \mathbb{R}^n &\rightarrow TM \\ &= \left( F(u_1, \dots, u_n), \sum_i v^i \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} \Big|_{F(u_1, \dots, u_n)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Vector field:

$$V : M \rightarrow TM$$

$$\overset{\circ}{p} \mapsto V(p) \in \{p\} \times T_p M$$



Say  $V$  is a  $C^\infty$  vector field

$\Leftrightarrow$   $V : M \rightarrow TM$  is  $C^\infty$ .

$$F(u_1, \dots, u_n) : U \rightarrow \bigcup_p M$$

$$V(p) = \left( p, \sum_{i=1}^n v^i(p) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} \Big|_{F(u_1, \dots, u_n)} \right) \in TM.$$

$$\tilde{F}^{-1} \circ V \circ F(u_1, \dots, u_n)$$

$$= \tilde{F}^{-1} \left( F(u_1, \dots, u_n), \sum_{i=1}^n V^i(F(u_1, \dots, u_n)) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} \right)$$

$$= (u_1, \dots, u_n, V^1(F(u_1, \dots, u_n)), \dots, V^n(F(u_1, \dots, u_n)))$$

$V: M \rightarrow TM$  is  $C^\infty$  vector field

$\Leftrightarrow$  components are  $C^\infty$ .

Differential 1-form

$\forall p \in M$

$$\alpha: M \rightarrow \underbrace{T^*M}_{\text{cotangent bundle}} \text{ s.t. } \alpha(p) = (p, \underbrace{\alpha_p}_{\in T_p^*M})$$

$\alpha$  is  $C^\infty$  1-form  $\Leftrightarrow \alpha: M \rightarrow T^*M$  is  $C^\infty$ .

$$\alpha(p) = (p, \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i du_i|_p}_{\in T_p^*M})$$

Ex:  $\alpha: M \rightarrow T^*M$  is  $C^\infty \Leftrightarrow \alpha_i$  is  $C^\infty \forall i$ .

$V$  finite dim vector space.

$$V^* := \text{Hom}(V, \mathbb{R})$$

$$V^{**} := (V^*)^*$$

$$V = \text{span} \{ e_\alpha \}_{\alpha=1}^n$$

$$V^* = \text{span} \{ e^\alpha \}_{\alpha=1}^n$$

$$L \in V^{**}, \quad L: V^* \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$V \cong V^{**}$$

$$v \in V$$

$i_v \in V^{**}$  defined as:  $i_v(l) := l(v) \in \mathbb{R}$ .

$$\hat{V}^*$$

$v \mapsto i_v$  is an isomorphism.

$$V \rightarrow V^{**}$$

$$i_{v+cw} = i_v + c i_w \quad \forall v, w \in V, c \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$T_p M \longleftrightarrow T_p^* M$$

$$\text{span}\left\{\frac{\partial}{\partial u_i}\right\} \xrightarrow{\Phi} \text{span}\left\{du^i\right\}.$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial v_\alpha} \curvearrowright du^\alpha$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} = \sum_\alpha \frac{\partial v_\alpha}{\partial u_i} \frac{\partial}{\partial v_\alpha}$$

$$du^i = \sum_\alpha \frac{\partial u^i}{\partial v_\alpha} dv^\alpha$$

$$T_p M \hookrightarrow (T_p M)^{**}$$

$$X \longmapsto i_X$$

$$i_X(x) := \alpha(X)$$

Pull-back

$$M \xrightarrow{\alpha} N$$

$$T_p^* M \xleftarrow{\Phi^*} T_{\Phi(p)}^* N$$

$$M \xrightarrow{\Phi} N$$

$$\Phi_{*p}: T_p M \rightarrow T_{\Phi(p)} N.$$

$$\Phi^*(\omega) := ? \in T_p^*M.$$

$$T_{\Phi(p)}^*N$$

$$(\Phi^*\omega)(X) := \omega(\underline{\Phi_* X})$$

$$(d\Phi)(\alpha)$$



$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \xrightarrow{\Phi} & N \\ F(u_i) \nearrow & \xrightarrow{G^{-1} \circ \Phi \circ F} & \uparrow G(v_\alpha) \\ \mathbb{R}^m & & \mathbb{R}^n \end{array}$$

$$(v_1, \dots, v_n) = G^{-1} \circ \Phi \circ F(u_1, \dots, u_m)$$

$$T_p^*M \xleftarrow{\Phi_p^*} T_{\Phi(p)}^*N$$

$$\Phi^*(dv^\alpha) = ?$$

$$(\Phi^* dv^\alpha) \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} \right) := dv^\alpha \left( \Phi_* \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i} \right)$$

$$= dv^\alpha \left( \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial u_i} \right)$$

$$= dv^\alpha \left( \sum_B \frac{\partial v_B}{\partial u_i} \frac{\partial}{\partial v_B} \right)$$

$$= \sum_B \frac{\partial v_B}{\partial u_i} \delta_{\alpha B} = \frac{\partial v_\alpha}{\partial u_i}$$

$$\Phi^* dv^\alpha = \sum_i \frac{\partial v_\alpha}{\partial u_i} du^i$$

e.g.  $\Phi(\theta) : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow S^1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$   
 $\theta \mapsto (\underbrace{\cos \theta}_x, \underbrace{\sin \theta}_y)$ .

$$\omega := -\frac{y}{x^2+y^2}dx + \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}dy : \text{diff. 1-form}$$

on  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_\theta^* \omega &= \Phi^* \left( -\frac{y}{x^2+y^2}dx + \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}dy \right) \\ &= -\frac{\sin \theta}{1} \Phi^* dx + \frac{\cos \theta}{1} \Phi^* dy \\ &= -\sin \theta \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} d\theta + \cos \theta \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} d\theta \\ &= -\sin \theta (-\sin \theta) d\theta + \cos \theta \cdot \cos \theta d\theta \\ &= d\theta.\end{aligned}$$

e.g.  $\Psi : \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}$ .  
 $(r, \theta) \mapsto (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)$

$$\omega = -\frac{y}{x^2+y^2}dx + \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}dy$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Psi_{(r, \theta)}^* \omega &= \Psi^* \left( -\frac{y}{x^2+y^2}dx + \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}dy \right) \\ &= -\frac{r \sin \theta}{r^2} \Psi^* dx + \frac{r \cos \theta}{r^2} \Psi^* dy \\ &= -\frac{\sin \theta}{r} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} dr + \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} d\theta \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{\cos\theta}{r} \left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} dr + \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} d\theta \right)$$

$$= -\frac{\sin\theta}{r} \left( \cancel{\cos\theta dr - r\sin\theta d\theta} \right)$$

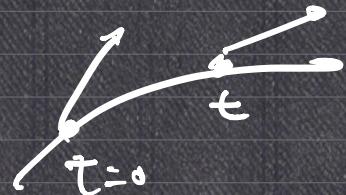
$$+ \frac{\cos\theta}{r} \left( \cancel{\sin\theta dr + r\cos\theta d\theta} \right)$$

$$= (\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) d\theta = d\theta.$$

## Lie derivatives

$$\frac{dY}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{Y(r(\omega)) - Y(r(\alpha))}{t}$$

$$Y: I \rightarrow M.$$



$$Y_p = \sum Y^i(p) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i(p)}$$

$$Y_q = \sum Y^i(q) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i(q)}$$

$$Y_p - Y_q = \sum_i (Y^i(p) - Y^i(q)) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_i(p)}$$

$$Y_p = \sum \underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial u_\alpha}{\partial u_i} \right)}_{I_p} Y^i(p) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_\alpha(p)}, \quad Y_q = \sum \underbrace{\left( \frac{\partial u_\alpha}{\partial u_i} \right)}_{I_q} Y^i(q) \frac{\partial}{\partial u_\alpha(q)}$$